<u>PERS</u> Ending Reserve	COLA - 3%	Recreational Programs	Benefits	Cost of Motion	Increased Levy	Starting Operation/Permanent Reserve
1+	1	•			+	
<u>0</u> 282	0	100	12	57	66	<u>2019</u> 385
2 163	18	200	38	172	101	2020 492
<u>7</u>	38	300	79	344	136	<u>2021</u> 706
<u>15</u> -44	60	400	135	516	187	<u>2022</u> 895

If anything, the added expenses will exceed the added income. I also have not included the 3% annual increase in expense or 5% fee increases. They are too difficult to calculate the maintenance person we are not hiring. We simply start with a higher reserve in 2019, because that expense was not incurred the proposed changes begin in 2019, not June 2018. It also makes it easier to track how the events effect the reserves. There also is no need to include Since the Park District is making a long term commitment, there is no need to change expenses in the middle of the year. Therefore, all the

For 2019, I have added \$65K reflecting the increased levy money for 2018. The starting operating/permanent reserves are based upon the original spread sheets Elaine provided two weeks ago.

The key is how the income and expenses effect the reserves. The effects are cumulative. (i.e. Increased levy of 66 + 35 + 35 + 51 = 187 in 2022)

The increased levy is how much the levy income is greater than presented in the spreads two weeks ago

the COLA effects all wages and PERS reflects the increase for all wages. They are broken out at the bottom Cost of the motion uses the numbers presented in Year 1. However, it does not include the COLA or PERS in years 2-4, since

A large portion of benefits is health insurance. Those costs will continue to grow at a rate much higher than inflation. Therefore, I have included an annual increase for benefits of 11% annually. As I mentioned in the meeting, employee benefits have increased an average of 22%/yr, while our staff has increased by 9%/yr.